



Frankfurt (Germany), 6-9 June 2011

Smart power applications and peak load management in distribution networks with energy storage solutions

Jean-Philippe Macary
Siemens AG, Germany

Dr. Hubert Rubenbauer
Siemens AG, Germany

Dr. Andreja Rasic
Siemens AG, Germany

Uwe Krebs
Siemens AG, Germany

Holger Leu
Siemens AG, Germany



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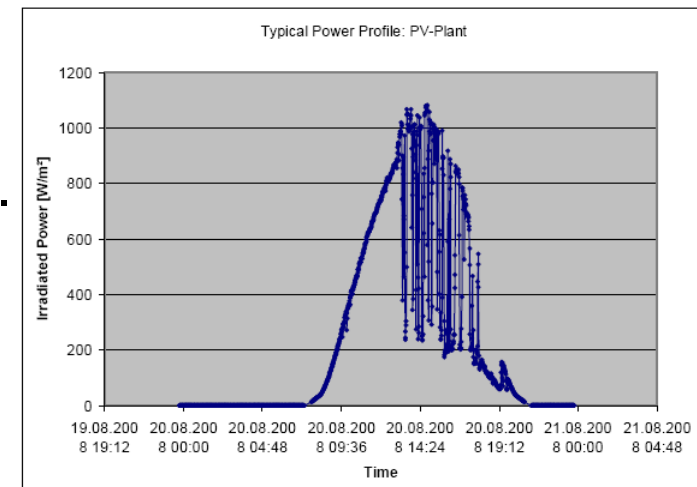
Existing problems and limits

Security of supply and maximum peak loads

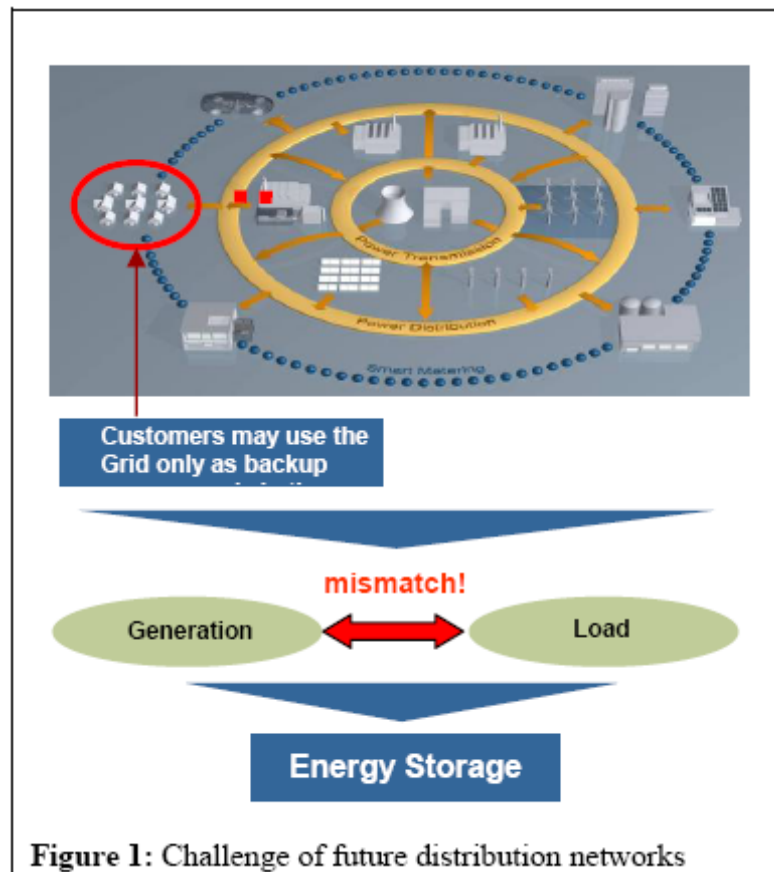
- Networks designed for maximum peak loads
- **Expensive** distribution network **infrastructures**
- **Capacity** utilized during **short peak times only.**
- peak load management close to the electrical consumers required.

Renewable Power Generation

- Weather dependend random generation.
- complicates requirement to **balance power generation** and **consumption**
- **limited utilization** of renewable energy sources in distribution networks.



Challenges for future distribution networks



- Power generation **decentralized**
- **Load flow** between transmission-, distribution- and consumer level **bi-directional**.
- Increasing number of **microgrids** with own electricity production (mainly **renewable sources**)
- grid as back up supply only.
- **mismatch between power generation and consumption** needs to get managed on the lower distribution level → **Energy Storage**

Distributed Power Energy Storage with Li-Ion Batteries

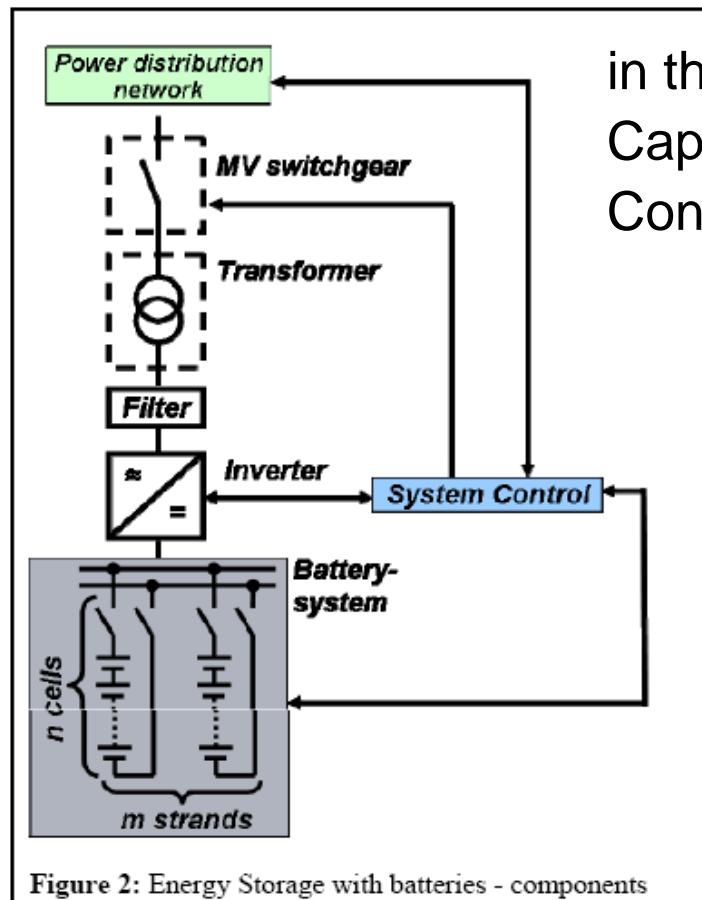
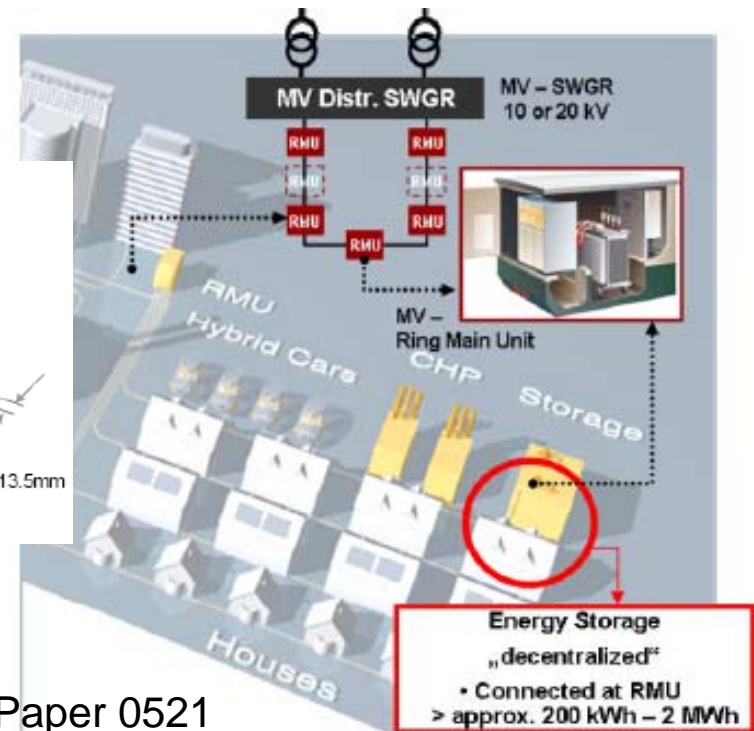
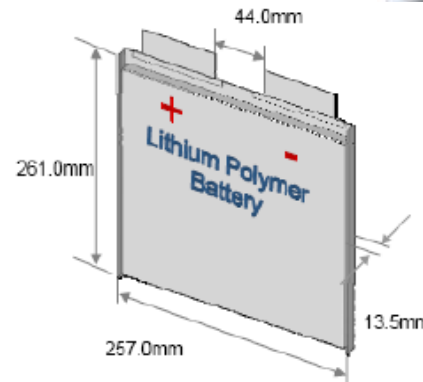


Figure 2: Energy Storage with batteries - components

in the range of 200 kWh to 2 MWh with power Capabilities up to 8 MW by combining modern Converter technology with new high power Li-Ion battery technology



Applications in distribution networks ...

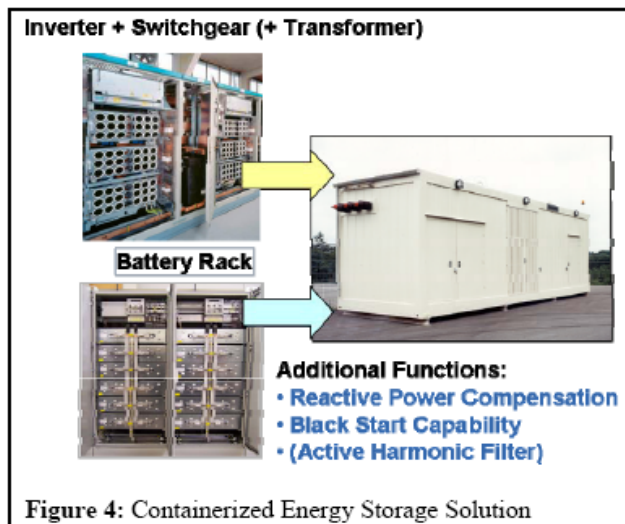


Figure 4: Containerized Energy Storage Solution

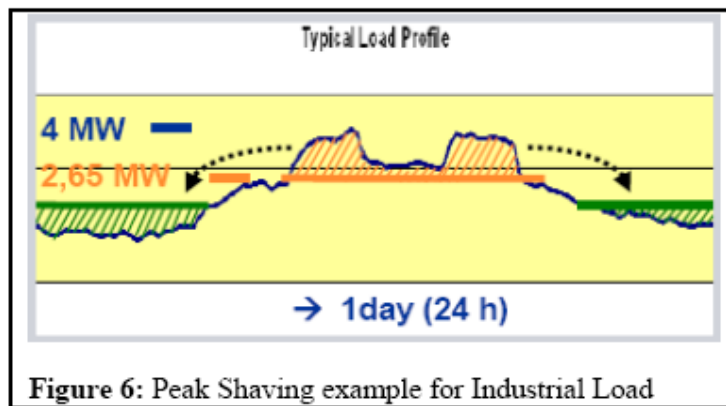


Figure 6: Peak Shaving example for Industrial Load

... acting as **primary reserve** for **frequency regulation**,

... performing **peak shaving**

... improving **power quality** by injecting active and reactive power.

... **renewable energy firming** by compensating stochastic power fluctuations of renewable power generation sources (wind + solar)



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Conclusion

Study shows that among all electrical energy storage options for **distribution networks** an **energy storage portfolio** based on **Li-Ion batteries** and **2-level or multi-level converter technology** is **environmental friendly** and has a **broad scope of applications** and **advantages**.

However there is no universal solution in energy storage.

→ Specific use case determines the most suitable solution.